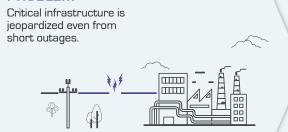
NON-WIRES ALTERNATIVES

A 21ST CENTURY APPROACH TO MODERN POWER ISSUES

With numerous innovations emerging to address power-delivery challenges, it is critical to carefully evaluate all options before implementing capital programs. **Non-wires alternatives (NWAs)** are nontraditional measures aimed at improving systems through modern solutions, ultimately deferring or eliminating the need for traditional utility transmission and distribution investments. (1) **Here are a few example scenarios:**

PROBLEM



CONVENTIONAL RESPONSE

Install backup power systems, such as diesel generators.

The Downside:

Massive operational expenses, security risks, and opportunity costs from short or extended outages due to generator ramp-up delays or failure.

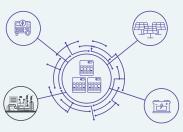


NON-WIRES ALTERNATIVE

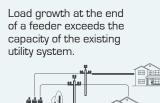
Design a microgrid for your unique needs.

Why It's Better:

It can seamlessly transition to reliable power, protect against cyberattacks, and open opportunities to realize additional economic benefits.



PROBLEM



CONVENTIONAL RESPONSE

Upgrade the feeder or build a new substation to accommodate the increased load.

The Downside:

Expensive distributioninfrastructure upgrades in densely populated areas take years to complete.



NON-WIRES ALTERNATIVE

Create demand-response + energy-efficiency programs coupled with existing distributed energy resources (DERs).



Manages peak demand to accommodate load growth.



PROBLEM

Remote communities have lengthy power-outage restoration times.







CONVENTIONAL RESPONSE

Tie two feeders together, adding redundancy and an ability to reroute power from an alternate source.

The Downside:

Feeder ties can be expensive and logistically challenging

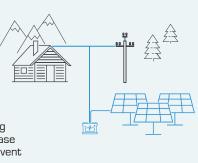


NON-WIRES ALTERNATIVE

Add DERs, including energy storage.

Why It's Better:

Utility-managed energy storage is often less expensive than extending wires, and power-purchase agreements can circumvent high capital costs.





What's the best option for your unique situation?